Prescott MSA TERM Report

Training & Education Resource Model

Score = average of the five percentiles, using weights 3, 3, 1, 1, 1 see notes for explanations of each column

			Percentil			les		L	abor I	Mark	et Data		BLS	
Rank	CIP Code	CIP Title	Score	Open- ings	Wage	ONET	Growth rate	Turn over ratio	Open- ings	Hourly Wage	ONET Score	Growth Rate %	OVA	Ed & Train Code
1	51.16	Nursing	79.7	82	97	88	26	65	108	19.85	649	8.3	2.5	7.2
2	46.02	Carpenters	77.5	74	91	38	76	88	64	16.48	497	11.4	3.9	9.0
3	46.03	Electrical and Power Transmission Installers	76.6	53	88	97	90	79	32	16.30	695	11.8	3.3	9.0
4	52.02	Business Administration, Management and Operations	75.2	62	100	85	47	59	40	21.09	630	9.1	2.3	8.0
5		Ground Transportation	72.9	88	71	15	79	85	143	15.32	451	11.4	3.9	10.3
6		Building/Construction Finishing, Management, and Inspection	69.9	85	65	18	85	76	136	14.20	451	11.7	3.3	10.0
7		Plumbing and Related Water Supply Services	64.4	49	68	74	90	68	26	14.47	604	11.8	2.7	9.0
8	15.08	Mechanical Engineering Related Technologies/Technicians	61.8	38	84	78	63	49	20	16.22	614	10.7	2.0	7.0
8	47.06	Vehicle Maintenance and Repair Technologies	61.8	38	84	78	63	49	20	16.22	614	10.7	2.0	7.0
10	46.99	Construction Trades, Other	59.2	79	32	6	94	97	101	11.91	377	11.9	4.8	10.0
11	43.01	Criminal Justice and Corrections	58.5	65	53	82	50	41	41	13.48	616	9.2	1.9	10.2
12	46.01	Mason/Masonry	52.9	15	74	47	74	91	11	15.33	550	11.3	4.3	9.0
13		Dental Support Services and Allied Professions	51.3	24	62	71	82	53	13	14.06	598	11.5	2.1	10.0
14		Specialized Sales, Merchandising, and Marketing Operations (NEW)	50.0	56	56	62	24	29	35	13.59	574	8.3	1.8	9.4
15	52.18	General Sales, Merchandising and Related Marketing Operations (NEW)	49.7	97	18	41	56	6	438	10.69	498	9.4	1.0	10.9
16	51.08	Allied Health and Medical Assisting Services	49.3	21	50	35	97	100	12	13.22	492	13.7	6.7	10.0
17		Mental and Social Health Services and Allied Professions	48.7	15	44	68	100	94	11	12.95	581	15.9	4.5	10.0
18		Family and Consumer Sciences/Human Sciences Business Services	47.5	7	78	57	43	72	11	15.75	571	9.1	2.8	8.0

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			Perce			e n t i l e s			Labor Market Data				
Rank	Code	Score	Open- ings	Wage	ONET	Growth rate	Turn over ratio	Open- ings	Hourly Wage	ONET Score	Growth Rate %	OVAr	Ed & Train Code
18	Business, Management, Marketing, and Related 52.99 Services, Other	ed Support 47.5	7	78	57	43	72	11	15.75	571	9.1	2.8	8.0
20	51.07 Health and Medical Administrative Services	47.4	68	35	29	32	56	49	12.16	486	8.4	2.3	9.4
20	52.03 Accounting and Related Services	47.4	76	41	21	15	38	71	12.92	461	7.0	1.9	10.0
22	1.06 Applied Horticulture/Horticultural Business Se	ervices 47.4	91	21	12	59	21	153	10.78	440	9.6	1.7	10.8
23	43.02 Fire Protection	47.1	44	38	100	53	24	21	12.73	753	9.4	1.7	9.0
24	52.04 Business Operations Support and Assistant S	ervices 46.4	94	24	26	12	26	205	11.32	469	6.9	1.8	10.6
24	52.09 Hospitality Administration/Management	46.4	1	94	94	3	34	10	17.09	664	5.6	1.9	8.0
26	51.26 Health Aides/Attendants/Orderlies	45.4	71	9	53	35	82	60	8.86	559	8.5	3.6	11.0
27	52.15 Real Estate	44.3	38	59	65	9	34	20	14.06	575	6.7	1.9	7.0
28	12.05 Culinary Arts and Related Services	39.2	100	3	24	18	3	479	8.05	462	7.3	0.8	10.7
29	52.08 Finance and Financial Management Services	35.8	49	29	32	38	18	26	11.86	487	8.8	1.6	11.0
30	13.15 Teaching Assistants/Aides	34.6	59	12	9	29	62	38	9.45	436	8.4	2.5	11.0
31	47.03 Heavy/Industrial Equipment Maintenance Ted	chnologies 29.1	15	15	91	71	12	11	10.35	659	11.0	1.4	11.0
32	19.05 Foods, Nutrition, and Related Services	27.9	31	26	44	21	15	16	11.50	538	7.8	1.5	8.0
33	1.01 Agricultural Business and Management	21.2	26	0	0	68	44	14	7.94	365	10.7	2.0	8.0
34	Human Development, Family Studies, and Re 19.07 Services	elated 19.4	31	6	50	6	9	16	8.33	555	5.8	1.0	11.0
35	48.07 Woodworking	16.5	1	47	3	0	0	10	13.07	368	3.8	0.7	9.0

Explanations for Each Column of the TERM Report							
	Column	Explanation					
Α	Rank	This is the rank of the CIP (Classification of Instructional Program) by percentile score as shown in column D. Tie scores get tie ranks. Sometimes scores appear to be a tie, but if carried out to more decimal places, are not. Such CIPs are not assigned tie ranks.					
В	CIP Code	CIP (Classification of Instructional Programs) code as assigned by the U.S. Department of Education. See Sources note below for more details.					
С	CIP Title	The title of the training program, as assigned by the U.S. Department of Education Classification of Instructional Programs.					
D	Score	The score is a weighted average of columns E through I. The weights used are 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, respectively. See Calculation Method note below for more details.					
E-I	Percentiles	These 5 columns are the percentile scores of the data in columns J through N. Percentiles scores are used to compute different types of data in the model. For example, wages in dollars and growth in percentages. Tie scores produce tie percentiles.					
J	Openings	The projected number of openings expected per year for the occupations within this CIP. If an occupation is contained in more than one CIP, its openings are distributed evenly among those CIPs. Projected openings based on 2004-2006 occupation projections.					
K	Hourly Wage	The average of the wages of the occupations contained in this CIP, weighted by the number of openings in each occupation. Wages based on 2004 Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey.					
L	O*NET Score	O*NET is an acronym for the Occupational Information Network (http://www.onetcenter.org/). This data is a measure of the skills, knowledge, and abilities required for the occupations within this CIP, weighted by the number of openings in each occupation. The numerical score for each comparative occupational descriptor in the O*NET Knowledge, Skills, and Abilities data files were summed for each occupation. See Sources note below for more information.					
M	Growth Rate	The two-year projected rate of growth in employment of the occupations in this CIP, weighted by the number of openings in each occupation. This number could be negative but usually is not. Occupational growth rate is from the 2004-2006 Occupational Projections produced by the AzDES Research Administration.					
N	Turnover Ratio	This is the projected number of annual openings due to growth divided by the projected number of annual openings due to replacement (like retirements, quits, promotions, etc.). Higher ratios indicate lower turnover. Based on the 2004-2006 occupational projections data.					
0	BLS Education & Training Code	The job training and educational levels as assigned by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). See detailed descriptions of the BLS codes on page two of these notes. Note that a higher code number indicates a lower amount of education or training time.					

Calcula	on method							
1	lourly wages were calculated by dividing annual wages by 2080.							
2	The O*NET score was first calculated by occupation using the SOC (Standard Occupational Code). The scores for each 6-digit SOC were calculated by averaging the scores for the 8-digit O*NET SOC's that comprise each 6-digit SOC.							
3	The field of occupations was restricted to those whose BLS Training and Educational code was between 6 and 11 (occupations which equire 2 years of training or less.) Note that the lower the training and educational time requirement, the higher the code numbers see below).							
4	scores by CIP (Classification of Instructional Programs) (except openings) were calculated by taking an openings-weighted average of the occupations in the CIP. For occupations appearing in more than one CIP, openings were evenly distributed among the CIP.							
5	Percentiles were calculated for each statistic shown. In case of a tie, the same percentile was assigned to all CIP's involved in the tie.							
6	The following formula determined the score for each CIP: (3 x openings percentile + 3 x wage percentile + O*NET percentile + growth percentile + ratio percentile) / 9							
BLS (B	eau of Labor Statistics) Education and Training Codes							
1-5	Bachelor's degree and higher educational levels were not used for this project.							
6	ssociate degree							
7	ost-secondary vocational training							
8	Vork experience in related occupation							
9	ong-term on-the-job training							
10	Noderate-term on-the-job training							
11	short-term on-the-job training							
Source								
1	Openings and wage data are produced by the Arizona Department of Economic Security, Research Administration, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Wages are from the 2004 Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, and openings are from the 2004-2006 occupational employment projections.							
2	or the O*Net score, the O*Net database version 8.0 was used. (www.onetcenter.org/database.html)							
3	CIP / SOC (Standard Occupational Classification) crosswalk source: National Crosswalk Service Center, Department of Education, Des Moines IA 50319, Telephone: 515-242-5034, E-mail: NCSC@ed.state.ia.us.							
4	The education and training codes are from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) website at tp://ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/ep/optddata/optd0212.txt							
Questi	s and Comments							
	Direct questions or comments to Rick Van Sickle, 602-542-6481, John Graeflin, 602-542-6492, or Don Wehbey, 602-542-3686, at Research Administration, Arizona Department of Economic Security.							